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## IRON AND STREL PRODUCTION EXPANDS

UKRAINIAN METAL INDUSTRY MARTS JANUARY FLAN -- Leningradskaya Fravda, No 40, 18 Feb 49

The January 1949 plan was fulfilled by the Ukraining SSR metallurgical industry as follows: pig iron, 101.9 percent; steel, 104.1 percent; rolled iron, 108.4 percent; right rolling, 110.1 percent; iron ore mining, 103.5 percent; and manganese ore mining, 102.8 percent.

GEORGIAN PLANTS CET NEW EQUIPMENT -- Zarya Vostoba, No 49, 13 Mar 49

An electric steel-smelting even has been put into operation in the foundry of the Transcaucasus Metallurgical Flart in Rustavi, Georgian SSR. The new oven will enable the plant to manufacture its own steel parts and all nonstandard in-stallations for its newly erected ships. The oven has a capacity of 15 tens, or 5 melts per day.

RESEARCH GROUP AT METAL PLANT -- Zerya Vostoka, No 44, 6 Mar 49

A scientific research group was formed at the Zestafoni Ferroalloy Plant iment L. P. Beria. A/specrate room with experimental furnaces was assigned to this group. In 1949, the plant plans to improve existing technological processes, start production of a new alloy, reduce ray material and electric power consumption, and at the same time increase the output of products. The scientific research group will help to gain these results.

UZBEK METALLURGICAL CENTER GROWS -- Patriot Rodiny, No 23, 20 Mar 49

The city of Begovat, founded during World War II, is not yet on the map. At the end of 1942, Stalin signed a decree for the construction of the first hydroelectric power plant on the Syr-Dar'ya River.

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The Syr-Dar'ya River creases the Tergena Valley from erat to wear. At a point where the river reaches two huge cliffs, if turns sharply north. Here the small village of Begovat had existed for rany years.

The two large construction projects, i.e., the power plant and the metallurgical plant, were started almost simultaneously. The Khilkovo rathr ad sining became an important railroad center.

In 6 years Begovat has become a city with wide, as chalt streets, high stone buildings, a large metallurgical plant, the Farkhad CES, a coment plant, and an asbestos coment-pipe plant.

The Begovat Metallurgical Plant, one of the largest enterprises of Uzbekisten, is equipped with the most modern machinery. The plant produces were than 30 shapes of rolled steel. Six of them, including angle from vore introduced into the plant in 1948, and the output increases continuously. Steel workers at the plant have exceeded the planned capacity of the open-hearth farraces. Information of the metallurgical workers increased 36 percent in 1948.

Aside from being an industrial production conter, the new city is also training personnel. During 1948, three technical schools, a padagogical institute, and a higher industrial school, were opened.

FAR EAST PLANT FACES PROBLEM -- Kraznoye Znamya, No 3h, 1: feb ho

F. Yelenkin, director of the "Metallist" Plant, Primorskiy Kray, reports that the plant fulfilled the 1948 plan 112.4 percent, decreased production costs 4.3 percent more than planned and 14.4 percent over 1947, and produced 12 times more plants in 1947 the plant, however, used all the State subrity as 1250 and the grant costs exceeded the prices approved by the Government.

The problem of selling finished production has not yet seen satisfactually resolved. Finished goods remained for a year in the warehouse without being sold. A total of 3.7 million rubles was thereby frozen in finished production in the plant warehouse. The actual turnover time for one ruble of working unital in 1948 was 234 days, and only 1 ruble, 64 keepels of goods were produced per ruble of working capital. The plant has developed important practical measures to speed the production cycle, and has pledged to accelerate the turnover of working capital by 80 to 90 days and to release 2 million to 3 million rubles to working capital to the State in 1949.

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